

CLASS : XI A/B/C
SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

M:M : 50
TIME: 1 ½ HRS

SECTION - A

I. Each question carries 2 marks.

✓ 1. Find the set of all x for which $\frac{(x+1)(3-x)}{(x-2)(3x-2)} \geq 0$.

* ✓ 2. If $\sin x + \sin y = a$ and $\cos x + \cos y = b$, find the value of $\tan \frac{x-y}{2}$.

✓ 3. Solve $x^2 + 2|x| - 8 = 0$.

4. Evaluate $\sin^2 24^\circ - \sin^2 6^\circ$.

* ✓ 5. Sum the series $2^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot 4^{\frac{1}{8}} \cdot 8^{\frac{1}{16}} \cdot 16^{\frac{1}{32}} \dots \infty$.

SECTION - B

II. Each questions carries 3 marks..

✓ 6. Find the value of $\sqrt{3} \cos \sec 20^\circ - \sec 20^\circ$. Without using tables.

7. Solve $x^{(\frac{3}{2})}(\log_2 x - 1) = \sqrt{2}$.

OR

The sum of an infinite G.P. is 4 and its second term is $\frac{3}{4}$. Find the G.P.

8. Find the sum to n terms of the series. $\frac{1}{1.4} + \frac{1}{4.7} + \frac{1}{7.10} + \dots$

✓ 9. Evaluate $\tan 20^\circ \tan 40^\circ \tan 60^\circ \tan 80^\circ$.

✓ 10. The A.M. between two positive numbers is 34 and their G.M. is 16. Find the numbers.

SECTION - C

III. Each question carries 5 marks.

11. Solve $x^2 + \left(\frac{ax}{x+a}\right)^2 = 3a^2$, $x \neq -a$.

✓ 12. Prove that $\cos \frac{2\pi}{15} \cos \frac{4\pi}{15} \cos \frac{8\pi}{15} \cos \frac{14\pi}{15} = \frac{1}{16}$.

13. Find the sum of the series $0.7 + 0.77 + 0.777 + \dots$ to n terms.

14. Find the sum of all numbers from 1 to 200 which are not divisible by 3 or 7.

✓ 15. If $m \tan(\theta - 30^\circ) = n \tan(\theta + 120^\circ)$, show that $\cos 2\theta = \frac{(m+n)}{2(m-n)}$.